



IN DEFENSE OF A LITTLE VIRGINITY

A Message from Focus on the Family

(New Edition)



The Holy Orthodox Metropolis of Boston

BOSTON • 2000

In Defense of a Little Virgility was originally printed
as a full-page advertisement in USA Today, 1992,
by *Focus on the Family*, and here is reprinted by
The Holy Orthodox Metropolis of Boston
1476 Centre Street
Roslindale, Massachusetts 02131-1417

²⁷ U.S. Congress, House Committee on Energy and Commerce, Subcommittee on Health and the Environment, "The Reauthorization of Title X of the Public Health Service Act" (testimony submitted by Charmaine Yoest), 102nd Congress, 2nd session, March 19, 1991, p. 2.

²⁸ Margaret A. Fischl et al., "Heterosexual Transmission of Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV): Relationship of Sexual Practices to Seroconversion," III International Conference on AIDS, June 1-5, 1987, Abstracts Volume, p. 178.

²⁹ U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services, National Centers for Health Statistics, Centers for Disease Control, "Percent of Women 15-19 Years of Age Who Are Sexually Experienced, by Race, Age, and Marital Status: United States, 1988," National Survey of Family Growth.

³⁰ Joseph S. McElhaney, Jr., M.D., *Sexuality and Sexually Transmitted Diseases* (Grand Rapids: Baker Book House, 1990), p. 137.

³¹ A.M.B. Goldstein and Susan M. Garabedian-Ruffalo, "A Treatment Update to Resistant Gonorrhea," *Medical Aspects of Human Sexuality*, (August 1991): 39.

In Defense of a Little Virginity

A Message from Focus on the Family

The federal government has spent almost \$3 billion of our taxes since 1970 to promote contraceptives and safe sex among our teenagers. Isn't it time we asked, What have we gotten for our money? These are the facts:

- The federal Centers for Disease Control estimate that there are now one million cases of HIV infection nationwide.¹
- 1 in 100 students coming to the University of Texas health center now carries the deadly virus.²
- The rate of heterosexual HIV transmission has increased 44 percent since September 1989.³
- Sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) infect 3 million teenagers annually.⁴
- 63 percent of all STD cases occur among persons less than twenty-five years of age.⁵
- 1 million new cases of pelvic inflammatory disease occur annually.⁶
- 1.3 million new cases of gonorrhea occur annually;⁷ strains of gonorrhea have developed that are resistant to penicillin.
- Syphilis is at a forty-year high, with 134,000 new infections per year.⁸
- 500,000 new cases of herpes occur annually;⁹ it is estimated that 16.4 percent of the U.S. population ages fifteen to seventy-four is infected, totaling more than 25 million Americans—among certain groups, the infection rate is as high as 60 percent.¹⁰

- 4 million cases of chlamydia occur annually;¹¹ 10 to 30 percent of fifteen- to nineteen-year-olds are infected.¹²
- There are now 24 million cases of human papilloma virus (HPV), with a higher prevalence among teens.¹³
- To date, over twenty different and dangerous sexually transmitted diseases are rampant among the young. Add to that the problems associated with promiscuous behavior: infertility, abortions, and infected newborns. The cost of this epidemic is staggering, both in human suffering and in expense to society; yet epidemiologists tell us we've only seen the beginning.

Incredibly, the safe-sex gurus and condom promoters who got us into this mess are still determining our policy regarding adolescent sexuality. Their ideas have failed, and it is time to rethink their bankrupt policies.

How long has it been since you've heard anyone tell teenagers why it is to their advantage to remain virgins until married? The facts are being withheld from them, with tragic consequences. Unless we come to terms with the sickness that stalks a generation of Americans, teen promiscuity will continue, and millions of kids . . . thinking they are protected . . . will suffer for the rest of their lives. Many will die of AIDS.

There is only one safe way to remain healthy in the midst of a sexual revolution. It is to abstain from intercourse until marriage, and then wed and be faithful to an uninfected partner. It is a concept that was widely endorsed in society until the 1960s. Since then, a "better" idea has come along . . . one that now threatens the entire human family.

Inevitable questions are raised whenever abstinence is proposed. It's time we gave some clear answers:

Why, apart from moral considerations, do you think teenagers should be taught to abstain from sex until marriage?

¹⁵ Jones and Forrest, "Contraceptive Failure," p. 105.

¹⁶ Lode Wigersma and Ron Oud, "Safety and Acceptability of Condoms for Use by Homosexual Men as a Prophylactic Against Transmission of HIV during Anogenital Sexual Intercourse," *British Medical Journal* 295 (July 11, 1987): 94.

¹⁷ Marcia F Goldsmith, "Sex in the Age of AIDS Calls for Common Sense and Condom Sense," *Journal of the American Medical Association* 257 (May 1, 1987): 2262.

¹⁸ Susan G. Arnold et al., "Latex Gloves Not Enough to Exclude Viruses," *Nature* 335 (Sept. 1, 1988): 19.

¹⁹ Nancy E. Dirubbo, "The Condom Barrier," *American Journal of Nursing*, Oct. 1987, p. 1306.

²⁰ Theresa Crenshaw, from remarks made at the National Conference on HIV, Washington, D.C., Nov. 15-18, 1991.

²¹ "Condom Roulette," *Washington Watch* 3 (Washington: Family Research Council, Jan. 1992), p. 1.

²² William D. Mosher and James W. McNally, "Contraceptive Use at First Premarital Intercourse: United States, 1965-1988," *Family Planning Perspectives* 23 (May/June 1991): 111.

²³ Cheryl D. Hayes, ed., *Risking the Future: Adolescent Sexuality, Pregnancy and Childbearing* (Washington: National Academy Press, 1987), pp. 46-49.

²⁴ Planned Parenthood poll, "American Teens Speak: Sex, Myths, TV and Birth Control" (New York: Louis Harris & Associates, Inc., 1986), p. 24.

²⁵ "Condom Roulette," *In Focus* 25 (Washington: Family Research Council, Feb. 1992), p. 2.

²⁶ Gilbert L. Crouse, Office of Planning and Evaluation, U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services, tl., March 12, 1992, based on data from Planned Parenthood's Alan Guttmacher Institute. Increase calculated from 1973, first year of legal abortion.

² Scott W. Wright, "1 in 100 tested at UT has AIDS virus," *Austin American Statesman*, July 14, 1991, p. A14. The federally funded study was based on a nonrandom sample.

³ "Heterosexual HIV Transmission Up in the United States," *American Medical News* (Feb. 3, 1992): 35.

⁴ U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control, 1991 Division of STD/HIV Prevention Annual Report, p. 13.

⁵ Health & Human Services Annual Report, p.13.

⁶ McDonnell.

⁷ Health & Human Services Annual Report, p.13.

⁸ Health & Human Services Annual Report, p.13.

⁹ Health & Human Services Annual Report, p.13.

¹⁰ Robert E. Johnson et al., "A Seroepidemiologic Survey of the Prevalence of Herpes Simplex Virus Type 2 Infection in the United States," *New England Journal of Medicine*, 321 (July 6, 1989): 7-12.

¹¹ Health & Human Services Annual Report, p. 13.

¹² C. Kuehn and F. Judson, "How common are sexually transmitted infections in adolescents?" *Clinical Practice Sexuality* 5 (1989): 19-25; as cited by Sandra D. Gottwald et al., *Profile: Adolescent Ob/Gyn Patients at the University of Michigan*, 1989. *The American Journal of Gynecologic Health* 5 (May/June 1991), 23.

¹³ Kay Stone, Sexually Transmitted Diseases Division, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services, ti., March 20, 1992.

¹⁴ Elise F. Jones and Jacqueline Darroch Forrest, "Contraceptive Failure in the United States: Revised Estimates from the 1982 National Survey of Family Growth," *Family Planning Perspectives* 21 (May/June 1989): 103.

No other approach to the epidemic of sexually transmitted diseases will work. The so-called safe-sex solution is a disaster in the making. Condoms can fail at least 15.7 percent of the time annually in preventing pregnancy.¹⁴ They fail 36.3 percent of the time annually in preventing pregnancy among young, unmarried minority women.¹⁵ In a study of homosexual men, the *British Medical Journal* reported the failure rate due to slippage and breakage to be 26 percent.¹⁶ Given these findings, it is obvious why we have a word for people who rely on condoms as a means of birth control. We call them . . . parents.

Remembering that a woman can conceive only one or two days per month, we can only guess how high the failure rate for condoms must be in preventing disease, which can be transmitted 365 days per year! If the devices are not used properly, or if they slip just once, viruses and bacteria are exchanged and the disease process begins. One mistake after five hundred protected episodes is all it takes to contract a sexually transmitted disease. The damage is done in a single moment when rational thought is overridden by passion.

Those who would depend on so insecure a method must use it properly on every occasion, and even then a high failure rate is brought about by factors beyond their control. The young victim who is told by his elders that this little latex device is safe may not know he is risking lifelong pain and even death for so brief a window of pleasure. What a burden to place on an immature mind and body!

Then we must recognize that there are other differences between pregnancy prevention and disease prevention. HIV is one twenty-fifth the width of sperm,¹⁷ and can pass easily through even the smallest gaps in condoms. Researchers studying surgical gloves made out of latex, the same material in condoms, found channels of 5 microns that penetrated the entire thickness of the glove.¹⁸ HIV measures .1 microns.¹⁹ Given these findings, what

rational, informed person would trust his or her very life to such flimsy armor?*

This surely explains why not one of eight hundred sexologists at a conference a few years ago raised a hand when asked if they would trust a thin rubber sheath to protect them during intercourse with a known HIV-infected person.²⁰ Who could blame them? They're not crazy, after all. And yet they're perfectly willing to tell our kids that safe sex is within reach and that they can sleep around with impunity.

There is only one way to protect ourselves from the deadly diseases that lie in wait. It is abstinence before marriage, then marriage and mutual fidelity for life to an uninfected partner. Anything less is potentially suicidal.

[Our opponents say:] That position is simply NOT realistic today. It's an unworkable solution: Kids will NOT implement it.

Some will. Some won't. It's still the only answer. But let's talk about an unworkable solution of the first order. Since 1970, the federal government has spent nearly \$3 billion to promote contraception and safe sex. This year alone, 450 million of your tax dollars will go down that drain!²¹ (Compared with less than \$8 million for abstinence programs, which Sen. Teddy Kennedy and company have sought repeatedly to eliminate altogether.) Isn't it time we ask what we've gotten for our money? After twenty-two years and nearly \$3 billion, some 58 percent of teenage girls under eighteen still did not use contraception during their first intercourse.²² Furthermore, teenagers tend to keep having unprotected intercourse for a full year, on average, before starting any kind of contraception.²³ That is the success ratio of the experts who call abstinence unrealistic and unworkable.

Even if we spent another \$50 billion to promote condom usage, most teenagers would still not use them consistently and properly.

* In other words, the gaps are 50 times larger than HIV. How effective would mosquito-netting with five-inch holes in it be? Or how many dogs would be kept out of a yard surrounded by a fence with 25 foot gaps?

now threatening a generation of our best and brightest. It is time to speak up for an old-fashioned value called virginity. Now, more than ever, virtue is a necessity.

Postscript:

A "Gay" Lifestyle?

An article in the *Calvary Contender* (Aug. 15, 1997) presents documentation revealing that those who lead a "gay" lifestyle destroy lives by drawing others into their way of life, which is horribly destructive physically. The median age of death for married men is nearly twice that of homosexuals: 75 compared with 39. Only 1 percent of homosexuals live beyond retirement age of 65. The average age of death for married women is 79 compared with 45 for lesbians. Homosexuals are 87 times more likely to commit suicide and 23 times more likely to die from heart attacks. They account for nearly 90 percent of all AIDS cases. One in an exclusively homosexual lifestyle is 1,000 times more likely to contract AIDS than a heterosexual. Yes, they destroy lives—their own and multitudes of others! Secondly, they destroy lives morally and eternally by leading others into their destructive sin. The less than one percent minority making up the homosexual population consistently accounts for one-third to one-half of all sexual child abuse.

What is the number one cause of death among lesbians? Murder!—lesbians kill one another faster than any disease does!

Out of the closet and into the coffin. . . .

A "gay" lifestyle? Hardly.

Notes

¹ Pamela McDonnell, Sexually Transmitted Diseases Division, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services, U.I., March 16, 1992.

Of course, the beautiful young actors in those steamy dramas never faced any consequences for their sexual indulgence. No one ever came down with herpes, or syphilis, or chlamydia, or pelvic inflammatory disease, or infertility, or AIDS, or genital warts, or cervical cancer. No patients were ever told by a physician that there was no cure for their disease or that they would have to deal with the pain for the rest of their lives. No one ever heard that genital cancers associated with the human papilloma virus (HPV) kill more women than AIDS,³⁰ or that strains of gonorrhea are now resistant to penicillin.³¹

No, there was no downside. It all looked like so much fun. But what a price we are paying now for the lies we have been told.

The government has also contributed to this crisis and continues to exacerbate the problem. For example, a current brochure from the federal Centers for Disease Control and the city of New York is entitled "Teens Have the Right" and is apparently intended to free adolescents from adult authority. Inside are the six declarations that make up a Teenagers Bill of Rights, as follows:

- I have the right to think for myself.
- I have the right to decide whether to have sex and who[m] to have it with.
- I have the right to use protection when I have sex.
- I have the right to buy and use condoms.
- I have the right to express myself.
- I have the right to ask for help if I need it.

Under this final item (the right to ask for help) is a list of organizations and phone numbers that readers are encouraged to call. The philosophy that governs several of the organizations reflects the homosexual agenda, which includes recruitment of the young and a vigorous promotion of a teen's right to sexual expression.

Your tax dollars at work!

Surely there are other Americans who recognize the danger

The nature of human beings and the passion of the act simply do not lend themselves to a disciplined response in young romantics.

But if you knew a teenager was going to have intercourse, wouldn't you teach him or her about proper condom usage?

No, because that approach has an unintended consequence. The process of recommending condom usage to teenagers inevitably conveys five dangerous ideas: (1) that safe sex is achievable; (2) that everybody is doing it; (3) that responsible adults expect them to do it; (4) that it's a good thing; and (5) that their peers know they know these things, breeding promiscuity. Those are very destructive messages to give our kids.

Furthermore, Planned Parenthood's own data show that the number one reason teenagers engage in intercourse is peer pressure!²⁴ Therefore, anything we do to imply that everybody is doing it results in more . . . not fewer . . . people who give the game a try. Condom distribution programs do not reduce the number of kids exposed to disease . . . they radically increase it!

Want proof of that fact? Since the federal government began its major contraception program in 1970, unwed pregnancies have increased 87 percent among fifteen- to nineteen-year-olds.²⁵ Likewise, abortions among teens rose 67 percent;²⁶ unwed births went up 61 percent.²⁷ And venereal disease has infected a generation of young people. Nice job, sex counselors. Good thinking, senators and congressmen. Nice nap, America.

Having made a blunder that now threatens the human family, one would think the designers would be backtracking and apologizing for their miscalculations. Instead, they continue to lobby Congress and corporate America for more money. Given the misinformation extant on this subject, they'll probably get it.

But if you were a parent and knew that your son or daughter was having sex, wouldn't you rather he or she used a condom?

How much risk is acceptable when you're talking about your teenager's life? One study of married couples in which one partner

was infected with HIV found that 17 percent of the partners using condoms for protection still caught the virus within a year and a half.²⁸ Telling our teens to reduce their risk to one in six (17 percent) is not much better than advocating Russian roulette. Both are fatal, eventually. The difference is that with a gun, death is quicker. Suppose your son or daughter were joining an eighteen-month skydiving club of six members. If you knew that one of their parachutes would definitely fail, would you recommend that they simply buckle the chutes tighter? Certainly not. You would say, "Please don't jump! Your life is at stake!" How could a loving parent do less?

Kids won't listen to the abstinence message. You're just wasting your breath to try to sell them a notion like that.

It is a popular myth that teenagers are incapable of understanding that it is in their best interest to save themselves until marriage. Almost 65 percent of all high school females under eighteen are virgins.²⁹

A few years ago in Lexington, Ky., a youth event was held that featured no sports contest, no rock groups—just an ex-convict named Harold Morris talking about abstinence, among other subjects. The coliseum seated 18,000 people, but 26,000 teenagers showed up! Eventually, more than 2,000 stood outside the packed auditorium and listened over a hastily prepared public address system. Who says kids won't listen to this time-honored message?

Even teens who have been sexually active can choose to stop. This is often called secondary virginity, a good concept that conveys the idea that kids can start over. One young girl recently wrote Ann Landers to say she wished she had kept her virginity, signing the letter, "Sorry I didn't and wish I could take it back." As responsible adults we need to tell her that even though she can't go back, she can go forward. She can regain her self-respect and protect her health, because it's never too late to start saying no to premarital sex.

Even though the safe-sex advocates predominate in educational

circles, are there no positive examples of abstinence-based programs for kids?

Thankfully, some excellent programs have been developed. Spokane-based Teen-Aid and Chicago's Southwest Parents Committee are good examples. So are Next Generation in Maryland, Choices in California, and Respect Inc. in Illinois. Other curricula such as Facing Reality; Sex Respect; Me, My World, My Future; Reasonable Reasons to Wait; Sex, Love & Choices; and FACTS, etc. are all abstinence-themed programs to help kids make good sexual decisions.

A good curriculum for inner-city youth is Elayne Bennett's Best Friends program. This successful mentoring project helps adolescents in Washington, D.C. graduate from high school and remain abstinent. In five years, not one female has become pregnant while in the Best Friends program!

Establishing and nurturing abstinence ideas with kids, however, can be like spitting into the wind. Not because they won't listen, because most will. But pro-abstinence messages are drowned out in a sea of toxic teen-sex-is-inevitable-use-a-condom propaganda from safe-sex professionals. You place major responsibility on those who have told adolescents that sexual expression is their right as long as they do it properly. Who else has contributed to the epidemic?

The entertainment industry must certainly share the blame, including television producers. It is interesting in this context that all four networks and the cable television entities are wringing their hands about this terrible epidemic of AIDS. They profess to be very concerned about those who are infected with sexually transmitted diseases, and perhaps they are sincere. However, TV executives and movie moguls have contributed mightily to the existence of this plague. For decades, they have depicted teens and young adults climbing in and out of each other's beds like so many sexual robots. Only the nerds were shown to be chaste, and they were too stupid or ugly to find partners.